# EYFS

## Early Learning Goals

#### Past and Present:

#### Pupils should:

Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences of what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

## Skills:

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Chronological Understanding:	History Knowledge and Understanding:	Historical Interpretation:	Historical Enquiry:
Begin to describe a sequence of events, real of	Compare and contrast characters from stories	Comment on images of similar situations in the	Begin to make sense of their own life-story and
fictional using words such as 'first, then'.	including figures from the past.	past.	family's history.
Show some awareness of the distinction	Compare past and present in their own lives.	Know some similarities and differences between	
between present and past in their own and	Talk about members of their immediate family	things in the past and now.	
other people's lives.	and community.		
		Understand the past through settings,	
Use everyday terms about the passing of time.	Comment on images of familiar situations in the	characters and events encountered in books	
	past.	read in class and storytelling.	
Time concents and useehulens (places	une within knowledge energiand)		

Time concepts and vocabulary (please use within knowledge organisers)

Old, new, story, photograph, yesterday, this morning, remember

Memory, present, past, remembrance, now, then, birthdays, past tense, last, last year, at the weekend.

	Topics	
<u>Autumn:</u> All about me/ people who help us	<u>Spring:</u> Superheroes, Robots and vehicles	<u>Summer:</u> Into the woods Holidays - Beside the sea
Magical Me books- their life-story and family's history. Compare past and present events in own lives Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Comment on images of familiar situations in the past <b>Development matters:</b> Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Retell what their parents told them about their life-story and family. <b>Trafalgar Day:</b>	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. Explore old and new toys via a museum visit. Explore and describe the similarities and differences between old and new toys, including materials used. <b>Development Matters:</b> Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories including figures from the past.	Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, History of farming - compare old and new tools/ machines. <b>Development Matters:</b> Frequently share texts, images, and tell oral stories that help children begin to develop an understanding of the past and present.
Pupils will know:		

History Long Term Progression Plan That ships looked different a long time ago. Some key words relating to ships and sailors. That we learn about the Battle of Trafalgar because we are called Trafalgar School. It was a battle that happened a long time ago. Knowledge Children will know: Knowledge Children will know: Children will know: How toys have changed over time. How life has changed over time. Who their important family members are. Why toys have changed over time. Why life has changed over time. Their life story. Important moments in their life. Vocabulary: Names of a variety of farm animals and Vocabulary: Vocabulary: features of a farm: cow, sheep, goat, horse, donkey, family, me, mum, dad, grandma, grandad, auntie, uncle, Old, new, past, present, material, wood, plastic, metal, chicken, duck, goose, llama; and their babies. Names of home, sister, brother, born, straw, homemade, factory, factory made, museum, Collate the words children use in their own families for farm vehicles/ tools- present and past, e.g. plough, exhibit, curator grandparents e.g. Nana, Gramps, etc. tractor. Assessment During each lesson teachers will... gather pupil voice and make observations recorded on Evidence Me. At the end of each unit teachers will...

		Yee	ar 1			
Skills						
Chronological Understa Show some awareness of the dist between present and past in their other people's lives. Sequence artefacts from distinct periods of time. Sequence basic events in their ow Use everyday terms about the pa	rinction Find out s rown and Find some long ago. tly different Say why p Recognise yn lives. present in	y Knowledge and Understanding: ome facts about people long ago. facts about events that happened ople may have acted as they did. the difference between past and their own and others' lives.	<u>Historical Interpreta</u> Begin to identify and recount sor the past from sources (such as p stories).	ne details from		Historical Enquiry: to simple questions about the past of information.
Time concepts and vocabu		n knowledge organisers)				
Past, present, now, then, toda then, calendar	y, tomorrow, yesterday, l	st week, before I was born, a long		rtant person, si	ignificant pers	son, significant event, time,
		Το	pics			
<u>Autumn 1:</u> All Aboard (Pirates and sailors) Lord Nelson	<u>Autumn 2:</u> Geography focus	<u>Spring 1:</u> Brilliant Bodies Louis Braille Picasso (Art Link)	<u>Spring 2:</u> Dinosaurs Mary Anning	Fur and	<u>ter 1:</u> Feathers enborough	<u>Summer 2:</u> Fur and Feathers David Attenborough
National Curriculum:			1			
<ul> <li>Pupils should:</li> <li>Develop an awareness of the past, using common phrases and words linked to the passing of time.</li> <li>Pupils will identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods.</li> <li>Know and understand some ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways it's represented.</li> </ul>		Pupils should be taught about: Changes within living memory that are significant globally.Pupils will explore the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.Pupils should: Develop an awareness of the past using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.	Pupils should be taught about:Events beyond living memory that are significant globally.The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national achievements.Pupils should: Develop an awareness of the past using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. Know where events they study fit within a chronological framework. Use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms.	Geography Fo	CUS	Geography Focus

HISLOTY LONG TETHI Progressi				
			Know and understand some	
			ways in which we find out	
			about the past and identify	
			different ways it's	
			represented (how fossils	
			informed us of dinosaurs).	
Knowledge:				
Children will know:	Small focus on Guy	Children will know:	Children will know:	
Some of the differences	Fawkes for bonfire night.	Why Louis Braille was	That dinosaurs lived a long	
between seafarers then	Vocab: King / Queen,	important and why he	time ago before	
and now (RNLI/ Royal	Parliament, treason,	created the braille	humans were on	
Navy).	plotters, monarchy, King	alphabet.	Earth.	
Some features of ships	James, Protestants,	The impact of Louis Braille	Why Mary Anning is	
from the past and present.	Catholics	on life today.	significant and	
The key events of the	Carnolics	Some differences between	what she was	
Battle of Trafalgar.		life as a visually impaired	famous for.	
Burne of Thatalgar.			Some facts about	
		person now and then.		
			dinosaurs.	
			Some language to describe	
			when dinosaurs	
			lived.	
			To know that fossils were/	
			are sources of	
			evidence from the	
			past.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	y (please use within knowle			
Seafarer, Pirate, ship,		braille, blind, visually	Dinosaur, extinct,	
boat, sail, cannon, mast,		impaired person, important	extinction, fossil, evidence	
deck, flag, jolly roger,		person, significant person,	of the past, prehistoric,	
anchor, crow's nest, rigging,		invented, created, inspired	palaeontologist, Mary	
gun port, bow, stern, plank,		by,	Anning, significant person,	
barrel, cabin, hull, battle,			discovered, skeleton, skull,	
Battle of Trafalgar, Lord				
Nelson				
Lifeboat, RNLI, Radar,				
technology, crew,				
navigation, communication,				

location, equipment, fleet, propellers, rudders				
Assessment				
<b>N I I I I I I I</b>	111 • 12 • 11 • 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<ul> <li>A state of the state of the state of the state</li> </ul>

During each lesson teachers should 'review' previous lesson including time concepts, vocabulary and knowledge (through pair share/ class discussion/ matching activities at tables etc.).

At the end of each unit, teachers will assess knowledge by providing children with an assessment opportunity e.g. quizzes, true/ false statements, open ended task, blanked out knowledge organiser, matching activities, odd one out. Teachers will make note of children who are still working towards the end goal of 'children will know' (on assessment document).

Teachers will assess children's skills through recording pupil voice e.g. "I know that it is in the past because it's a black and white photo and in the past they didn't know how to put colour in photographs'. This can be stuck in the children's topic book.

			Yea	ir 2			
Skills:							
Chronological Understa Use information about the past t differences between then and no Use basic key information to des (e.g. simple dates). Describe memories of key events Use a time line to place events us describe basic chronological orde	to describe the ow. cribe the past s in their life. sing language to er.	Use information Use information differences bet Look at evidence people in the part they did.	weledge and Understanding: to describe the past. about the past to describe the ween then and now. e to give and explain reasons why st may have acted in the way in events from a significant	<u>Historical Interpret</u> Identify the different ways in represented; listen to stories a accounts, look at pictures, phot artefacts, historic buildings, us Compare adults talking about th reliable are their memories?	which the past is nd eye-witness ographs, e the internet.	Answer questio simple observat	<u>Historical Enquiry:</u> ns about the past by making tions from historical sources ers simple questions such as: te for?'.
Time concepts and vocable Past, present, now, change, a long			owledge organisers) chievements, living memory, signifi Top				
<u>Autumn 1:</u> Space History of Flight	<u>Autum</u> Spac Moon Lo	ce	<u>Spring 1:</u> Fire & Ice The Great Fire of London	<u>Spring 2:</u> Fire & Ice	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>ner 1:</u> al Magic	<u>Summer 2:</u> Medieval Magic
National Curriculum Objectiv	ves:						1
Pupils should be taught about: Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally. The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national achievements. Changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life. Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.	Pupils should be about: Events within livi that are significe or globally. Changes within liv The lives of signi individuals in the contributed to no international ach Some should be u compare aspects different periods	ing memory ant nationally ving memory. ificant past who have ational and ievements. used to of life in	Pupils should be taught about: Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally. The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national achievements. Pupils should Know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological frame work and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods. Use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. Ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and	<u>Geography Focus</u>	Pupils should be Significant plac locality (Arunde <b>Pupils should</b> Know where the events they stu chronological fr identify similar differences bet life in different	es in their own I Castle). t people and dy fit within a ame work and ities and tween ways of	Geography Focus

listory cong renni rogressit		
		understand they key features
		if events.
Knowledge:		
Children will know:	Children will know:	Children will know:
When the first flight	The sequence of the events of	When and where the Great
happened.	the Moon Landing. Some differences between life	Fire of London happened.
The names of the people involved (Wright brothers,	in the 60s and now.	The sequence of the main events.
Amy Johnson).	Facts about Neil Armstrong's	The names of some of the key
Some differences between old	life.	people and objects.
and modern planes.	The names of the astronauts	Which sources we can use to
Ways in which we can gain	who were the first to land on	find out about the Fire of
evidence of important events	the moon.	London.
such as the first flight.		
Topic specific Vocabulary	y (please use within knowle	edge organisers)
<b>a</b> t 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
Chronological, pilot, glider,	flight, moon, landing, space,	Samuel Pepys, Pudding Lane,
aeroplane, engine, cabin,	Neil Armstrong, astronaut, Apollo 11, NASA,	Diary, St Pauls Cathedral,
fuselage, landing gear, significance, modern, flight,	Apollo 11, NASA,	Bakery, Evacuate, London, River Thames, Capital City,
myth, Icarus, hot air balloon,		River maries, capital city,
modern, evidence		
·		
Montgolfier brothers, Wright		
brothers, Wright Flyer,		
helicopter, space		
shuttle, glider, evidence		
Assessment:		

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